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JC675 U.S. PTO
09/51169
02/25/00

February 25, 2000

BOX PATENT APPLICATION
Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

Re: Application of **Claire MARTIN, Hans SLABBINCK, Ingrid Zulma Benoit VAN DE
VOORDE, and Peter Johannes VETTER**

**A METHOD TO PERFORM CENTRAL CONTROL, A LINE TERMINATOR AND
AN ELEMENT CONTROLLER REALIZING SUCH A METHOD AND A TREE-
LIKE NETWORK INCLUDING SUCH A LINE TERMINATOR AND AN ELEMENT
CONTROLLER**

Our Ref. Q57933

Dear Sir:

Attached hereto is the application identified above including 18 sheets of the specification, claims and abstract, 1 sheet of formal drawing, executed Assignment and PTO 1595 form, and executed Declaration and Power of Attorney. Also enclosed is the Information Disclosure Statement.

Please see attached preliminary amendment before calculating Government filing fee.

The Government filing fee is calculated as follows:

Total claims	9	-	20	=	0	x	\$18.00	=	\$0.00
Independent claims	3	-	3	=	0	x	\$78.00	=	\$0.00
Base Fee									\$690.00

TOTAL FILING FEE	\$690.00
Recordation of Assignment	\$40.00
TOTAL FEE	\$730.00

Checks for the statutory filing fee of \$690.00 and Assignment recordation fee of \$40.00 are attached. You are also directed and authorized to charge or credit any difference or overpayment to Deposit Account No. 19-4880. The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any fees under 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.16 and 1.17 and any petitions for extension of time under 37 C.F.R. § 1.136 which may be required during the entire pendency of the application to Deposit Account No. 19-4880. A duplicate copy of this transmittal letter is attached.

Priority is claimed from March 17, 1999 based on European Application No. 99400656.7. The priority document will be filed at a later date.

Respectfully submitted,
**SUGHRUE, MION, ZINN,
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PATENT APPLICATION

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re application of

Claire MARTIN, et al.

Attorney Docket Q57933

Appln. No.: Not yet assigned

Group Art Unit: Not yet assigned

Filed: February 25, 2000

Examiner: Not yet assigned

For: A METHOD TO PERFORM CENTRAL CONTROL, A LINE TERMINATOR AND AN ELEMENT CONTROLLER REALIZING SUCH A METHOD AND A TREE-LIKE NETWORK INCLUDING SUCH A LINE TERMINATOR AND AN ELEMENT CONTROLLER

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Prior to examination, please amend the above-identified application as follows:

IN THE SPECIFICATION:

Page 1, after the title, insert the heading: **--Background of the Invention--**.

line 5-6, delete "as described in the preamble of claim 1".

line 6-7, delete "as described in the preamble of claim 4".

line 7-8, delete "as described in the preamble of claim 6".

line 8-9, delete "as described in the preamble of claim 9".

Page 3, after line 7, insert the heading: **--Summary of the Invention--**.

lines 12-16, delete in their entirety and insert:

--According to the invention, this object is achieved by the method to perform central control, the line terminator and the element controller realizing such a method,

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and a tree-like network including such a line terminator and such an element controller, as described hereinafter.

A first aspect of the invention is a method to perform central control of an in-line element in a tree-like network by a line terminator included in said network together with a plurality of network terminators of which at least one network terminator is coupled via said in-line element to said line terminator by dedicated a branch and a common branch, respectively, wherein the method includes the steps of: (i) determining by said line terminator a first plurality of bits according to an identification of a selected element and a second plurality of bits according to an identification of a locally predefined function, said selected element being selected out of a set of in-line elements comprising at least said in-line element in order to execute said locally predefined function; (ii) including by said line terminator in a grant message said first plurality of bits and said second plurality of bits; and (iii) forwarding said grant message by said line terminator to said element in order to thereby impose execution of said locally predefined function according to said second plurality of bits upon said selected element according to said first plurality of bits.

According to a second aspect of the invention, there is provided a line terminator to perform central control of a plurality of in-line elements in a tree-like network, said tree-like network including a plurality of network terminators being coupled via said plurality of in-line elements to said line terminator by dedicated branches and a common branch, respectively, wherein said line terminator includes means for performing each of the above method steps.

According to a further aspect of the invention, there is provided an element controller associated to a selected element of a set of in-line elements in a tree-like network, to impose execution of a locally predefined function upon said selected element under the central control of a line terminator, said line terminator being coupled via said set of in-line elements comprising said selected element to a plurality of network terminators by a common branch and dedicated branches, respectively, wherein said element controller is downstream coupled to said line terminator and includes

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recognizing means being coupled to an input of said element controller to receive a grant message as described above, and said recognizing means is further included to recognize in said grant message said first plurality of bits and said second plurality of bits and to generate upon said recognition a control signal for a selected element in order to thereby impose execution of said locally predefined function upon said selected element.

Finally, the invention is directed to a tree-like network including either or both of a line terminator and an element controller as described above.--

Page 4, lines 19-20, delete "This is described in claim 2."

Page 5, lines 23-34, delete "This is described in the method of claim 3 that is realized by the line terminator of claim 5 and by the element controller of claim 6.--

Page 6, lines 14-15, delete "The element controller associated to such a switchable amplifier is described in claim 7";
before line 20, insert the heading: **--Brief Description of the Drawings--**
after line 23, insert the heading: **--Detailed Description of the Invention--**.

IN THE CLAIMS:

Claim 3, line 2, delete "any one of claim 1 and claim 2".

Claim 9, line 3, delete "according to any one of claim 4 and claim 5" and delete "any one of claim 6, claim 7, and claim 8" and insert **--claim 6--**.

IN THE ABSTRACT:

After the heading, delete the title in its entirety.

AMENDMENT
Attorney Docket Q57933

REMARKS

Entry and consideration of this Amendment is respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,

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Date: February 25, 2000

A METHOD TO PERFORM CENTRAL CONTROL, A LINE TERMINATOR AND AN ELEMENT CONTROLLER REALIZING SUCH A METHOD AND A TREE-LIKE NETWORK INCLUDING SUCH A LINE TERMINATOR AND AN ELEMENT CONTROLLER

5 The present invention relates to a method to perform central control as described in the preamble of claim 1, to a line terminator as described in the preamble of claim 4 and an element controller as described in the preamble of claim 6 that are realizing such a method and to a tree-like network as described in the preamble of claim 9.

10 Such a tree-like network is already known in the art e.g. from The published European Patent Application, published at 26.03.1997, with the title "Arrangement for amplifying and combining optical signals, and method for upstream transmission realized therewith", with publication number EP 0 765 045 A1. Therein a tree-like optical network is described. The tree-like network consists 15 of the upstream cascade connection of dedicated branches, a combiner arrangement and a common branch whereby a plurality of network units, called hereafter network terminators are coupled to a line terminator.

20 A so called grant is distributed by the line terminator to the different network terminators in order to permit one or more network terminators to react on the grant, according to an identification included in the grant and to transmit an upstream burst also called upstream information signal.

Indeed, it is described by the Telecommunication Standardization Sector of ITU International Telecommunication Union in the G.983.1 standard of 10/98 with title "Series G : Transmission Systems and media, Digital Systems and 25 Networks : Digital sections and digital line systems – Optical line systems for local and access networks : Broadband Optical Access Systems Based On Passive Optical Networks (PON)" at page 6, paragraph 4 of Definitions that an optical line terminator controls each upstream transmission from the optical network units by sending a permission. A grant, also called a permit, is a permission to transmit an 30 upstream cell of an optical network terminator when an optical network terminator receives its own grant. Furthermore at paragraph 8.3.5.3.5. Grants, pages 36 to 37, the different types of grants are described.

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As it is described in the above mentioned application, at the first column, lines 23 to 31, these known networks are demanding optical amplifiers in the dedicated branches in order to support the required optical power-budget. Furthermore at lines 49 to 52 it is described that also optical switches are required

5 in these branches. The "in-line elements" that are used in the claims of the present application are e.g. such an optical amplifier or an optical switch. Indeed, these elements are included along the downstream transmission path of the downstream information signals distributed by the line terminator to the plurality of network terminators and along the upstream transmission path of the upstream information

10 signals being transmitted by one of the network terminators.

These in-line elements must perform predefined functions at predefined time moments. In this way a semiconductor optical amplifier e.g. an integration of such an optical amplifier and an optical switch needs to be switched on/off at predefined time moments and needs to set a predefined gain at other predefined

15 time moments. Another in-line element is a burst mode receiver being coupled on the common branch to the line terminator. It has to be remarked that in the event when the tree-like network is an optical tree-like network such a burst mode receiver is usually included in the optical line terminator and coupled to the electrical line terminator. The burst mode receiver must detect at predefined time

20 moments certain activity from the network terminators and needs to perform at other predefined time moments automatic gain control for the different network terminators.

It is also described in the referred application that a possible way to control the optical switches by the line terminator i.e. on/off instruction is realized

25 by capturing downstream grant information being downstream transmitted by the line terminator to the network terminators. Although that this grant information, that includes as described in the above mentioned standard the network terminator identification, is used to determine whether an upstream information signal will be present or will not be present during a predetermined time interval for a particular

30 optical switch, i.e. during normal operation mode of a network terminator, such a method is not sufficient to perform a total control of all the in-line elements during e.g. a preparation phase of the network terminators and other network elements.

In order to perform the required functionality's by these in-line elements at the predefined time moments different approaches are possible. Indeed a possible method is e.g. a central control performed by the line terminator with transmission of control signals between the line terminator and the in-line elements. However, in networks with high splitting factor and many different in-line elements such a solution would require many additional control signals and extra overhead.

An object of the present invention is to provide a method to perform central control of the above known type that is suited to perform a total central control of the in-line elements but that works according to an overhead efficient way without the use of extra control signals.

According to the invention, this object is achieved by the method to perform central control as described in claim 1, and by the line terminator and the element controller realizing such a method as described in claim 4 and claim 6, respectively, and by the tree-like network including such a line terminator and such an element controller as described in claim 9.

Indeed, the invention is based on the insight that by defining in a grant message a first plurality of bits according to an identification of a selected element and a second plurality of bits according to an identification of a locally predefined function whereby the selected element is selected out of the in-line elements in order to execute the locally predefined function. The line terminator in this way enabled to perform a central control of the in-line elements without using extra control signals. The inclusion in a grant message of a combination of an identification of a selected element and a few extra bits that indicate a locally predefined function, is sufficient to perform a total control, not only of the network terminators but also of the in-line elements during normal operation mode of the network terminators but also during other kinds of operation mode such as e.g. preparation phase of the different network elements, initialization of different network elements, verification procedures and gain setting procedures. By distributing the grant message into the network to the different network terminators the grant message is also forwarded to the in-line elements whereby the in-line elements are enabled to recognize an identification or not. When an in-line element

recognizes its identification, it means that it is the selected element, one of its locally predefined functions is identified according to the second plurality of bits and is in this way imposed by the line terminator upon the selected element in order to be executed.

5 It has to be remarked that the expression "locally" means that the second plurality of bits has a local significance. This means that a second plurality of bits with a predefined value e.g. a first predefined value can have a different significance for different in-line elements. For example, in the event when a semiconductor optical amplifier recognizes its identification, it reacts on a second plurality of bits with a first predefined value by "switching on with a predefined default gain". On the other hand, when a burst mode receiver recognizes its identification, it reacts on a second plurality of bits with the same first predefined value by "starting with activity detection".

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15 A further remark is that although the first plurality of bits identifies a selected element and the second plurality of bits identifies a locally predefined function, the present invention is not limited to such a sequence but the meaning of first plurality of bits an second plurality of bits are interchangeable.

20 Furthermore, it has to be remarked that the first plurality of bits can include a network terminator identifier or a branch identifier. This is described in claim 2. Indeed, it is possible to include e.g. the identification of a network terminator in the first plurality of bits in order to address, besides the network terminator, an in-line element of the branch of this network terminator. In combination with the values of the second plurality of bits, the addressed in-line element i.e. the selected element knows what kind of function is expected to be executed. On the other hand, it is also possible to include in the first plurality of bits e.g. the identification of the branch of an in-line element in order to address one or more in-line elements of this branch. In the event of such a kind of implementation it is not necessary to also include an identification of a network terminator. Since according to the working of the grant procedures, a particular network terminator 25 only reacts on a grant message when its own identity is included, the inclusion of a branch identifier instead of a network terminator identifier does not disturb the working of these grant procedures. Furthermore, it has to be remarked that

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although an implementation with a network terminator identifier or an implementation with a branch identifier might require a different number of bits of first plurality of bits e.g. a first predefined number of bits or a second predefined number of bits, both implementations can be realized by the same central control

5 performed by the same line terminator. Indeed, it is sufficient to assign to one or more predefined bits of the second plurality of bits a locally predefined function according to the value of these bits e.g. "looking at a first predefined number of bits in order to interpret the first plurality of bits" or "looking at a second predefined number of bits in order to interpret the first plurality of bits". In this way the 10 different network elements i.e. the network terminators and the in-line elements will first look at these bits of the second plurality of bits and thereafter e.g. interpret a first plurality of bits with a first predefined number or interpret a first plurality of bits with a second predefined number of bits, or e.g. decide to do nothing at all.

As already described above, the step of forwarding the grant message to
15 the different in-line elements can be implemented in different ways.

A possible way is comprising the grant message by the line terminator in a downstream signal, downstream distributing the downstream signal to the plurality of network terminators and capturing the grant message, out of the downstream signal, in order to forward the grant message to an element controller associated to such an in-line element. The element controller interprets the grant message and imposes, according to the first plurality of bits and the second plurality of bits, execution of a locally predefined function upon the selected element. This is described in the method of claim 3 that is realized by the line terminator of claim 5 and by the element controller of claim 6. This will become clear by means of the following example in an optical tree-like network. Capturing downstream grant information is usually realized in an optical tree-like network by a network terminator for operation and maintenance functions. Such a network terminator for operation and maintenance functions is downstream coupled to the line terminator by means of an optical tap. A small part of the power-budget of the downstream signal is deviated to the network terminator for operation and maintenance. The network terminator for operation and maintenance functions extracts the grant message from the downstream signal and forwards it to an in-line

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element controller. Such an in-line element controller is associated to one or more in-line elements in order to control them according to the grant messages imposed by the line terminator. It is clear that such an element controller can be implemented according to a distributed way or according to a centralized way. In 5 this way an in-line element can include its own element controller. On the other hand an element controller can be associated to a plurality of network elements and be a stand-alone device.

Another way of forwarding the grant message to an in-line element is directly transmitting the grant message to the in-line element. This is for example 10 realized for a burst mode receiver of an optical network that receives the grant message directly from the electrical line terminator.

As it is already mentioned above, a possible implementation of such an in-line element is a switchable amplifier for amplifying upstream transmitted signals transmitted by one of the network terminators. The element controller associated 15 to such a switchable amplifier is described in claim 7.

Another possible in-line element is a burst mode receiver in an optical network. The element controller associated to the burst mode receiver is described in claim 8. It has to be remarked that such a burst mode receiver usual includes its associated element controller.

20 The above and other objects and features of the invention will become more apparent and the invention itself will be best understood by referring to the following description of an embodiment taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawing wherein a tree-like network is shown.

Referring to the Figure, it is preferred for this particular embodiment to 25 describe a tree-like optical network. The optical network includes an electrical line terminator ELT and a plurality of network terminators NT1, NT2, ..., NTi, ..., NTn. The electrical line terminator ELT is coupled to the plurality of network terminators NT1, NT2, ..., NTi, ..., NTn via a common branch and dedicated branches.

The common branch and the dedicated branches are including in-line 30 elements. In this way, the common branch of this particular embodiment includes in-line elements such as a feeder/repeater FR and a burst mode receiver BMRX and each one of the dedicated branches includes also some in-line elements e.g. Ei

included in the upstream branch from the network terminator NTi. In order not to overload the Figure, only the in-line element Ei that will be used in a further paragraph is referred to and other in-line elements, similar to the Ei in-line element, are shown in the Figure but are not named.

5 The burst mode receiver BMRX and the electrical line terminator ELT are included in an optical line terminator OLT and are coupled by an electrical link. Furthermore the optical line terminator OLT includes a transmitter TRX.

It has to be remarked that for the downstream transmission of the electrical signals from the electrical line terminator ELT, the signals are first
10 converted into optical signals before being transmitted and, after transmission, the optical signals are again converted into electrical signals at the network terminators. However, this goes beyond the aim of the invention and is not here in details described.

The electrical line terminator ELT includes a determiner DET, an
15 including means INCL and a forwarder FORW. The determiner DET is coupled to the including means INCL that on its turn is coupled to the forwarder FORW. The forwarder FORW includes an encapsulator ENC. The encapsulator ENC is coupled to the including means INCL and to the transmitter TRX. The transmitter TRX is coupled to an output of the optical line terminator ELT. This output of the optical
20 line terminator is coupled to the downstream transmission link of the common branch. The forwarder FORW is furthermore coupled via another output to the burst mode receiver BMRX.

The electrical line terminator performs a central control of the network terminators NT1, NT2, ..., NTi, ..., NTn but also of the in-line elements e.g. the in-line
25 element Ei, the feeder repeater FR and the burst mode receiver BMRX. This means that at predefined time moments a particular network element must execute a particular function under the central control of the electrical line terminator ELT. In order to realize this central control, a grant message G is defined that includes a first plurality of bits A and a second plurality of bits B. The first plurality of bits
30 determines the particular element that must execute a particular function and the second plurality of bits determines the type of function that must be executed by

the network element. In this way, a selected in-line element, called selected element SEL-E must execute a particular locally predefined function SEL-F.

The determining means DET determines a first plurality of bits A according to an identification of the selected element SEL-E and determines a 5 second plurality of bits B according to an identification of the locally predefined function SEL-F. The first plurality of bits A e.g. (a1, a2, a3, a4, a5, a6, a7, a8, a9, a10) includes a number of bits that can vary in function of the identification of the selected element and the number of bits of the second plurality of bits B e.g. (b6, b5, b4, b3, b2, b1) can also vary in function of the kind of function to be executed.

10 However, according to this particular embodiment, the total number of bits of the first plurality of bits A plus the second plurality of bits B is constant. Hereby, the information that the first plurality of bits contains a predefined number of bits is included in the values of one or more predefined bits of the second plurality of bits i.e. the determination of the kind of identification used by the line terminator is 15 included in the second plurality of bits B.

According to this particular embodiment the values of the bits b1 and b2 are determining that the first plurality of bits A counts :

- 10 bits e.g. (a1, a2, a3, a4, a5, a6, a7, a8, a9, a10) thereby identifying a network terminal identifier and whereby the second plurality of bits B counts 6 20 bits e.g. (b6, b5, b4, b3, b2, b1); or

- only 7 bits e.g. (a1, a2, a3, a4, a5, a6, a7) thereby identifying a branch identifier and whereby the second plurality of bits B counts 9 bits e.g. (b9, b8, b7, b6, b5, b4, b3, b2, b1).

The including means INCL includes the first plurality of bits A and the 25 second plurality of bits B into the grant message G. This grant message G is provided to the forwarder FORW. The forwarder FORW forwards the grant message to the in-line elements in order to impose execution of the locally predefined function SEL-F according to the second plurality of bits upon the selected element SEL-E according to the first plurality of bits. The forwarder FROW realizes this in two 30 different ways. Since one of the in-line elements is the burst mode receiver BMRX that is included also in the optical line terminator OLT beside the electrical line terminator ELT, an electrical signal that includes the grant message G is sent

directly to the burst mode receiver BMRX. Furthermore, in order to reach the in-line elements which are located at distributive places in the tree-like network, the grant message G is encapsulated by the encapsulator ENC in a downstream signal D(G)). This downstream signal is forwarded to the transmitter TRX that on its turn 5 distributes the downstream signal D(G)) into the network towards the different network terminators NT1, NT2, ..., NTi, ..., NTn. How a locally predefined function is now imposed upon one of the in-line elements located in the network will be explained in a further paragraph.

For this particular embodiment, the in-line element Ei is a semiconductor 10 optical amplifier. As it is described in a previous paragraph, the in-line element Ei must perform predefined functions. In this way, the semiconductor optical amplifier must be switched on and off at predefined time moments in order to avoid amplified spontaneous emission of noise when no signal is transmitted over the dedicated branch. Furthermore the semiconductor optical amplifier must set a 15 predefined gain at other predefined time moments in order to amplify a present signal being transmitted by the dedicated network terminator NTi.

It also has to be remarked that the common branch and the dedicated branches are partly bi-directional and are partly separated in downstream and upstream transmission direction. The description of the exact places of the 20 transmission lines where they are bi-directional or unidirectional goes beyond the aim of the present invention. Therefor this is not described in further detail. The aim is that the tree-like network includes in-line elements.

The in-line element Ei is included in an amplifier/splitter AS of the tree-like network. This amplifier/splitter AS is coupled between the electrical line 25 terminator ELT and each one of the plurality of network terminators NT1, NT2, ..., NTi, ..., NTn. The amplifier/splitter AS includes a splitting point of the downstream transmission direction and a combining point of the upstream transmission direction of the tree-like network. Furthermore the amplifier/splitter AS includes an element controller CTRL-E and an operation and maintenance network terminator 30 OAM-NT. The operation and maintenance network terminator OAM-NT is downstream coupled to the electrical line terminator ELT via the common branch and an optical tap (not shown) located before the downstream splitting point.

Furthermore the element controller CTRL-E is coupled to some in-line elements of the dedicated branches like e.g. to Ei.

The element controller CTRL-E includes a recognizer RECO. The recognizer RECO is downstream coupled to an input of the element controller

5 CTRLE-E i.e. coupled to the optical tap. The recognizer RECO is furthermore coupled to the different in-line elements.

The element controller CTRL-E is included to control the different in-line elements included in the amplifier/splitter AS. In stead of each in-line element having its own element controller, it is preferred to include in the amplifier/splitter

10 AS one centralized element controller CTRL-E. This means that in the event when a locally predefined function of a particular in-line element e.g. Ei must be executed by the in-line element under the central control of the electrical line terminator ELT, this execution is forwarded by the element controller CTRL-E to the particular in-line element Ei. The operation and maintenance network terminator OAM-NT captures

15 the downstream signal D(G) that was transmitted into the network by the electrical line terminator ELT and extracts the grant message G from the downstream signal D(G) and forwards this grant message G to the recognizer RECO. The recognizer RECO interprets the grant message G. In the event when in the first plurality of bits A an identification of a network terminator identifier or an identification of a branch

20 identifier is included upon which one of its associated in-line elements needs to react, the recognizer RECO creates a control signal CTRL(Ei(SEL-F)) and forwards this control signal CTRL(Ei(SEL-F)) to the related in-line element i.e. the selected in-line element e.g. Ei. The control signal CTRL(Ei(SEL-F)) furthermore includes the identification of the locally predefined function SEL-F according to the interpretation

25 of the second plurality of bits B. In this way the selected function SEL-F is imposed by the element controller CTRL-E upon the in-line element Ei by the control signal CTRL(Ei(SEL-F)) under the impulse of the central control of the electrical line terminator ELT.

The working of the method of the invention will now be described by

30 means of an example that describes the actual working of the central control system during a predefined time period.

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Presume the situation that according to the central control system an activity detection on the dedicated branch of the network terminator NTi must be performed. This implies that :

- the network terminator NTi must transmit at a predefined time moment

5 a predefined physical layer operation and maintenance cell, called PLOAM cell, to the electrical line terminator ELT; and that

- the in-line element i.e. semi-conductor optical amplifier of this dedicated branch i.e. Ei must be switched on with a maximum gain when the transmitted PLOAM cell passes the amplifier i.e. a locally predefined function of the

10 in-line element Ei; and that

- the burst mode receiver BMRX must start activity detection with a default gain by the time when the PLOAM cell will arrive at the optical line terminator OLT i.e. a locally predefined function of the burst mode receiver BMRX.

In order to perform these different functions by the different network elements a grant message G is created. Since according to the present example, at this stage of the procedures, the network terminator identifier has not been assigned yet by the electrical line terminator ELT, the branch identifier of the dedicated branch of the network terminator NTi is used in order to determine the first plurality of bits A. Therefor the determiner DET determines the values for the

15 bits b1 and b2 according to the predetermined values associated to the function "looking to only 7 bits for the first plurality of bits in order to interpret the first plurality of bits. Indeed, this branch identifier might be an identification as well for the network terminator NTi as for the in-line element Ei on the branch and for the burst mod receiver. Presume that the determiner DET determines the first plurality

20 of bits equal to A (a1, a2, a3, a4, a5, a7). According to the identifications of the locally predefined functions e.g. SEL-F the second plurality of bits B is determined. Presume that the determiner DET determines the second plurality of bits equal to B

25 (b9, b8, b7, b6, b5, b4, b3, b2, b1). This means that the second plurality of bits B (b9, b8, b7, b6, b5, b4, b3, b2, b1) has a local significance for the network terminator NTi in order to execute its functions of "transmitting a PLOAM cell", for

30 the in-line element Ei in order to execute its function "switching on with a maximum

gain" and for the burst mode receiver BMRX in order to execute its function "starting activity detection with default gain".

The first plurality of bits A and the second plurality of bits B are provided to the including means INCL and are included in a grant message G. The grant message is provided to the forwarder FORW. The forwarder FORW forwards the grant message by means of an electrical signal to the burst mode receiver BMRX and furthermore the encapsulator ENC encapsulates the grant message G also in a downstream signal D(G). It has to be understood that the grant message G is temporarily stored in a memory whereby as a consequence it can be used twice by reading it out of this memory, but this goes beyond the aim of the invention. The aim is that the grant message is forwarded to as well the burst mode receiver BMRX as to the encapsulator ENC. The encapsulator ENC provides the downstream signal to the transmitter TRX that transmits the downstream signal D(G) into the tree-like network.

Upon reception of the electrical signal the burst mode receiver BMRX is aware of the fact that it has to execute its function "starting activity detection". The burst mode receiver BMRX is put in such a mode i.e. ready to receive a signal.

On the other hand, the operation and maintenance network terminator OAM-NT receives via the tap the downstream signal D(G). The grant message is extracted from the downstream signal and the extracted grant message G is provided to the recognizer RECO that interprets the bits b1 and b2. According to the values of these bits, the recognizer RECO knows that it only has to look to the first 7 bits of the grant message G in order to interpret the first plurality of bits A (a1, a2, a3, a4, a5, a7). The recognizer RECO recognizes the branch identification of the in-line elements Ei and generates a control signal for this in-line element Ei. According to the interpretation of the second plurality of bits B (b9, b8, b7, b6, b5, b4, b3, b2, b1) the recognizer RECO imposes upon the in-line element Ei the function "switching on with a maximum gain at a predefined time moment". Therefor an identification to this function is included in the control signal CTRL(Ei(SEL-F)). Upon reception of this control signal the in-line element Ei switches on with a predefined maximum gain at a predefined time moment.

00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000

In the mean time the network terminator NTi receives also the downstream signal D(G) and recognizes its identification i.e. branch identifier and knows according to the interpretation of the second plurality of bits that its has to execute the function "transmitting a PLOAM cell after a predetermined time delay".

- 5 After this predetermined delay the network terminator NTi transmits the requested PLOAM cell.

When the PLOAM cell passes the amplifier/splitter AS, the in-line element E_i is switched on with a maximum gain and the PLOAM cell is amplified with a maximum gain and further transmitted towards the optical line terminator

10 OLT.

The burst mode receiver BMRX is ready to receive the PLOAM cell and forwards the PLOAM cell to the electrical line terminator ELT for further processing.

In this way the different functions are indeed executed under the central control of the electrical line terminator ELT by the different network elements i.e. by

15 the network terminator but also by the different in-line elements.

It should be noticed that the term "including", used in the claims and the detailed embodiment, should not be interpreted as being limitative to the means listed thereafter. Thus the scope of the expression "a device including means A and B" should not be limited to devices consisting only of components A and B. It means that with respect to the present invention, the only relevant components of the device are A and B.

Similarly, it is to be noted that the term "coupled", also used in the claims and the detailed embodiment, should not be interpreted as being limitative to direct connections only. Thus, the scope of the expression "a device A coupled to a device B" should not be limited to devices or systems wherein an output of device A is directly connected to an input of device B. It means that there exists a path between an output of A and an input of B which may be a path including other devices or means.

While the principles of the invention have been described above in connection with specific apparatus, it is to be clearly understood that this description is made only by way of example and not as a limitation on the scope of the invention, as defined in the appended claims.

CLAIMS

1. A method to perform central control of an in-line element (Ei) in a tree-like network by a line terminator (LT) included in said network together with a plurality of network terminators (NT1, NT2, ..., NTi, ..., NTn) of which at least one network terminator is coupled via said in-line element (Ei) to said line terminator (LT) by dedicated a branch and a common branch, respectively,
characterized in that said method includes the steps of:

5 10 15 20 25 30

- determining by said line terminator (LT) a first plurality of bits (A) according to an identification of a selected element (SEL-E) and a second plurality of bits (B) according to an identification of a locally predefined function (SEL-F), said selected element (SEL-E) being selected out of a set of in-line elements comprising at least said in-line element (Ei) in order to execute said locally predefined function (SEL-F); and

- including by said line terminator (LT) in a grant message (G) said first plurality of bits (A) and said second plurality of bits (B);

- forwarding said grant message (G) by said line terminator (LT) to said element (Ei) in order to thereby impose execution of said locally predefined function (SEL-F) according to said second plurality of bits (B) upon said selected element (SEL-E) according to said first plurality of bits (A).

2. A method to perform central control of an in-line element (Ei) according to claim 1, characterized in that said step of determining includes comprising in said first plurality of bits (A) any one of a network terminator identifier and a branch identifier, said network terminator identifier identifying one of said plurality of network terminators and said branch identifier identifying at least part of said tree-like network.

3. A method to perform central control of an in-line element according to any one of claim 1 and claim 2, characterized in that said step of forwarding includes :

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- comprising said grant message in a downstream signal (D(G)); and
- downstream distributing said downstream signal (D(G)) to said plurality of network terminators (NT1, NT2, ..., NTi, ..., NTn) by said line terminator (LT); and
- capturing said grant message (G) out of said downstream signal (D(G))

5 and forwarding said grant message (G) to at least one element controller (CTRL-E) associated to said element (Ei) in order to thereby impose execution of said locally predefined function (SEL-F) according to said second plurality of bits (B) upon said selected element (SEL-E) according to said first plurality of bits (A).

10 4. A line terminator (LT) to perform central control of a plurality of in-line elements (Ei) in a tree-like network, said tree-like network including a plurality of network terminators (NT1, NT2, ..., NTi, ..., NTn) being coupled via said plurality of in-line elements (Ei) to said line terminator (LT) by dedicated branches and a common branch, respectively, characterized in that said line terminator (LT) includes:

- determining means (DET) to determine a first plurality of bits (A) according to an identification of a selected element (SEL-E) and a second plurality of bits (B) according to an identification of a locally predefined function (SEL-F), said selected element (SEL-E) being selected out of said plurality of in-line elements (Ei)

15 20 in order to execute said locally predefined function (SEL-F); and

- including means (INCL) coupled to said determining means (DET) to include said first plurality of bits (A) and said second plurality of bits (B) in a grant message (G); and
- forwarding means (FORW) coupled to said including means (INCL) to forward said grant message (G) to said selected element (Ei) in order to thereby impose execution of said locally predefined function (SEL-F) according to said second plurality of bits (B) upon said selected element (SEL-E) according to said first plurality of bits (A).

25 30 5. The line terminator (LT) according to claim 4, characterized in that said forwarding means (FORW) includes encapsulating means (ENC) to encapsulate said grant message (G) in a downstream signal (D(G)) and to distribute said

downstream signal (D(G)) to said plurality of network terminators (NT1, NT2, ..., NTi, ..., NTn) in order to enable taking in of said grant message (G) out of said downstream signal (D(G)).

5 6. An element controller (CTRL-E) associated to a selected element (SEL-E) of a set of in-line elements (Ei) in a tree-like network, to impose execution of a locally predefined function upon said selected element (SEL-E) under the central control of a line terminator (LT), said line terminator (LT) being coupled via said set of in-line elements (Ei) comprising said selected element (SEL-E) to a plurality of network terminators (NT1, NT2, ..., NTi, ..., NTn) by a common branch and dedicated branches, respectively, characterized that said element controller (CTRL-E) is downstream coupled to said line terminator (LT) and includes recognizing means (RECO) being coupled to an input of said element controller (CTRL-E) to receive a grant message (G) transmitted by said line terminator (LT), said grant message (G) including a first plurality of bits (A) being determined by said line terminator (LT) according to an identification of said selected element (SEL-E) and a second plurality of bits (B) being determined according to an identification of a locally predefined function (SEL-F) of said selected element (SEL-E), and said recognizing means (RECO) is further included to recognize in said grant message (G) said first plurality of bits (A) and said second plurality of bits (B) and to generate upon said recognition a control signal (CTRL(Ei(SEL-F)) for selected element (Ei) in order to thereby impose execution of said locally predefined function (SEL-F) upon said selected element (Ei).

25 7. The element controller (CTRL-E) according to claim 6, characterized in that said selected element (SEL-E) is a switchable amplifier for amplifying upstream transmitted signals being transmitted by one of said plurality of network terminators.

30 8. The element controller (CTRL-E) according to claim 6, characterized in that said selected element (SEL-E) is a burst mode receiver (BMRX) coupled in said common branch to said line terminator (LT) for reception of upstream signals.

9. A tree-like network **characterized** that said tree-like network includes any one of a line terminator (LT) and an element controller (CTRL-E), said line terminator (LT) being according to any one of claim 4 and claim 5, and said element controller (CTRL-E) being according to any one of claim 6, claim 7 and claim 8.

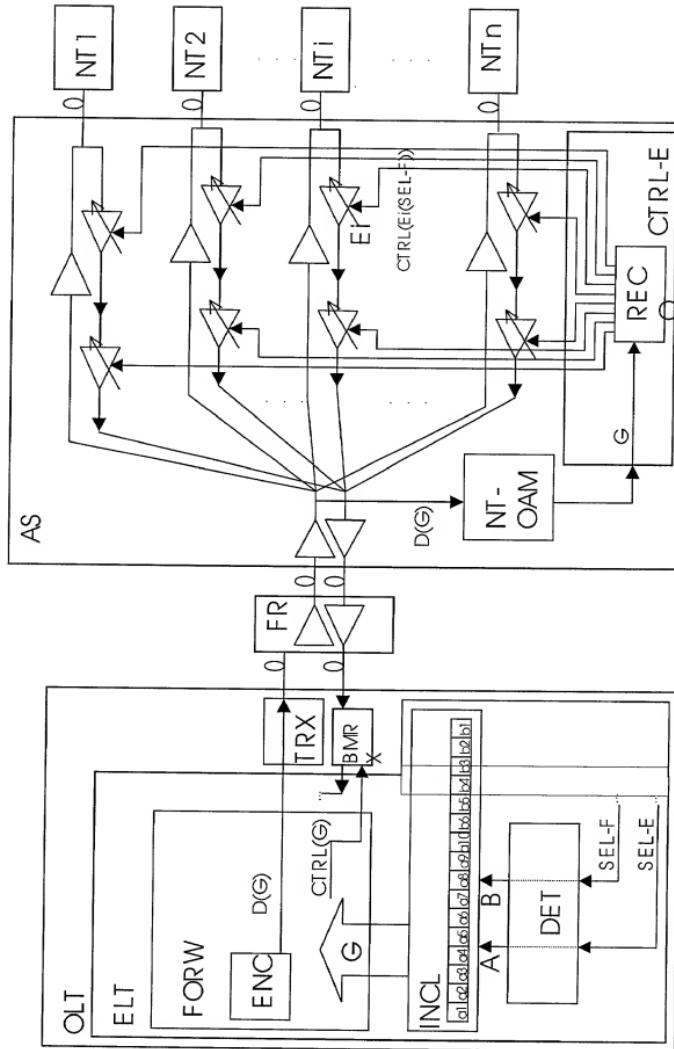
ABSTRACT

A METHOD TO PERFORM CENTRAL CONTROL, A LINE TERMINATOR AND AN ELEMENT CONTROLLER REALIZING SUCH A METHOD AND A TREE-LIKE NETWORK
5 INCLUDING SUCH A LINE TERMINATOR AND AN ELEMENT CONTROLLER

The present invention concerns a method to perform central control of in-line element (Ei) in a tree-like network by a line terminator (LT). A plurality of network terminators (NT1, NT2, ..., NTi, ..., NTn) are coupled via one or more of such 10 in-line elements (Ei) to the line terminator (LT) by dedicated branches and by a common branch, respectively. The method includes the steps of:

- determining by the line terminator (LT) a first plurality of bits (A) according to an identification of a selected element (SEL-E) and a second plurality of bits (B) according to an identification of a locally predefined function (SEL-F);
- 15 whereby the selected element (SEL-E) has been selected by the central control out of the in-line elements (Ei) in order to execute its locally predefined function (SEL-F); and
 - including by the line terminator (LT) in a grant message (G) the first plurality of bits (A) and the second plurality of bits (B);
- 20 - forwarding the grant message (G) by the line terminator (LT) to the in-line elements (Ei) in order to thereby impose execution of the locally predefined function (SEL-F) according to the second plurality of bits (B) upon the selected element (SEL-E) according to the first plurality of bits (A).

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Figure

DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that my residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name; that I verily believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter claimed and for which a patent is sought in the application entitled:

A METHOD TO PERFORM CENTRAL CONTROL, A LINE TERMINATOR AND AN ELEMENT CONTROLLER REALIZING SUCH A METHOD AND A TREE-LIKE NETWORK INCLUDING SUCH A LINE TERMINATOR AND AN ELEMENT CONTROLLER.

which application is:

the attached application
(for original application)

application Serial No. _____
filed _____, and amended on _____

(for declaration not accompanying application)

that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the specification of the above-identified application, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above; that I acknowledge my duty to disclose information of which I am aware which is material to the patentability of this application under 37 C.F.R. 1.56, that I hereby claim priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code §119, §172 or §365 of any provisional application or foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified on said list any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate on this invention having a filing date before that of any foreign application on which priority is claimed:

Application Number	Country	Filing Date	Priority Claimed (yes or no)
99400656.7	Europe	March 17, 99	Yes

I hereby claim the benefit of Title 35, United States Code §120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in a listed prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, §112, I acknowledge my duty to disclose any information material to the patentability of this application under 37 C.F.R. 1.56 which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

Application Serial No.	Filing Date	Status (patented, pending, abandoned)

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I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

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